

Warm-up **ONLY WRITE WORK AND ANSWERS**

solution set of $\sqrt{x-1} \geq 5$ is the set of all real numbers x such that:

- a. $x > 4$
- b. $x > 6$
- c. $x > 24$
- d. $x > 25$
- e. $x > 26$

what is the expanded form of $(5x - 2)^2$?

- a. $25x^2 + 4$
- b. $25x^2 - 20x + 4$
- c. $25x^2 + 10x + 4$
- d. $5x^2 - 4$
- e. $25x + 4$

Unit 1: Properties of Functions

Friday, 1/27/17 **1.1 Functions and Domain**

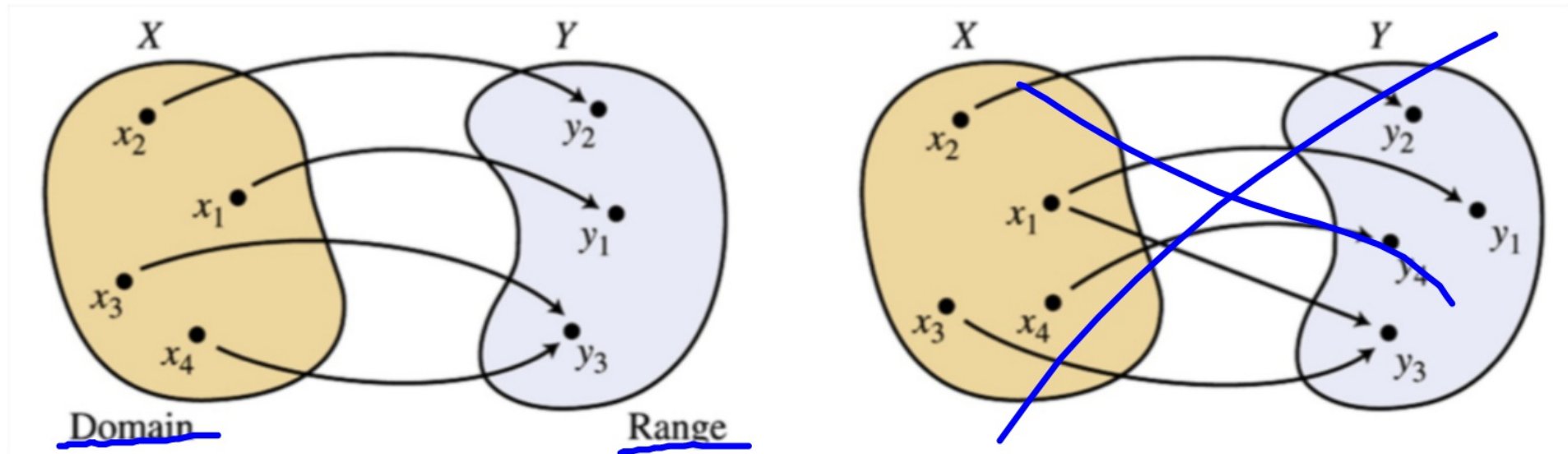
I can:

1. Determine whether a relation between two variables represents a function.
2. Write the domain of functions using interval notation.

Why?

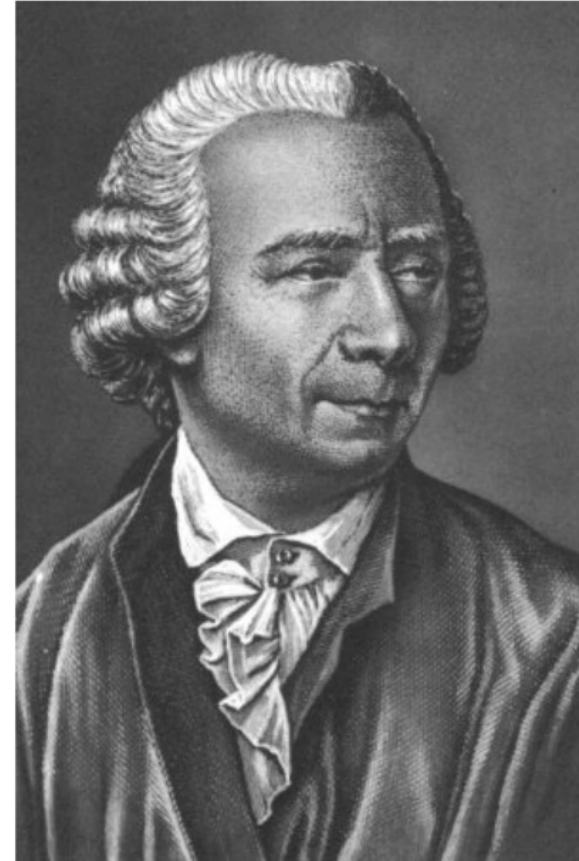
Many natural phenomena can be modeled by functions, such as the force of water against the side of a dam or the path of a baseball through the air.

A function: a relation where each input is assigned a single unique output

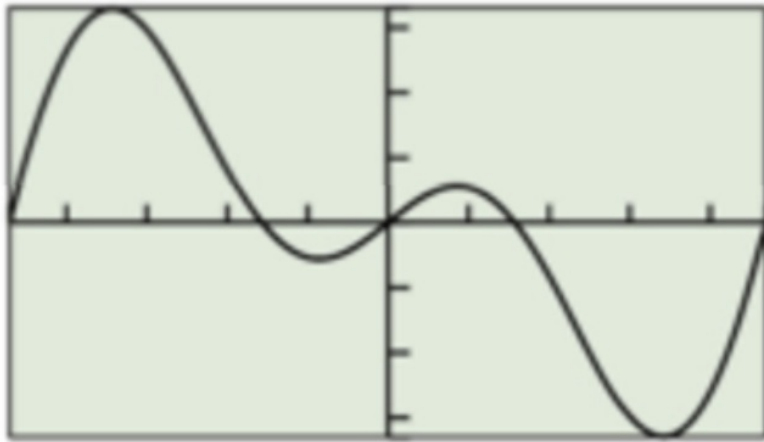


Who?

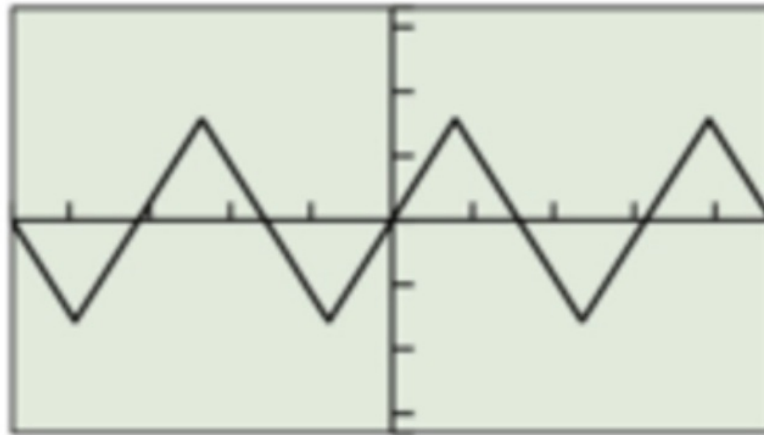
Leonhard Euler (1707-1783), a Swiss mathematician is considered to have been the most prolific and productive mathematician in history. One of his greatest influences on math was his use of symbols, or **notation**. The function notation $y = f(x)$ was introduced by Euler.



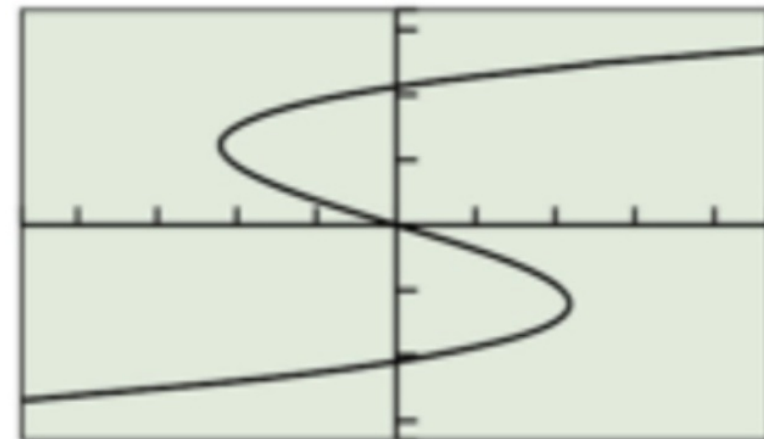
A graph (set of points (x,y)) in the xy -plane defines y as a function of x if and only if no vertical line intersects the graph in more than one point.



Function or not?



Function or not?



Function or not?

Ex 1: Determine whether each equation represents a function or not. Justify your answer.

a. $x^2 + y = 1$

b. $-x + y^2 = 1$

Domain of a function: the set of all values of the **independent** variable (x) for which the function is **defined**.

General Rules for Domain:

1. Domain excludes x -values that result in division by 0
2. Domain excludes x -values that result in even roots (square root, 4th root, 6th root, etc.) of negative numbers

Ex 2: Determine the domain of each.

a. $f: \{(-3,0), (-1,4), (0,2), (2,2), (4,-1)\}$

b. $g(x) = -3x^2 + 4x + 5$

c. $h(x) = \frac{1}{x+5}$

d. Volume of a sphere: $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

e. $k(x) = \sqrt{4 - 3x}$

Ex 3: Using interval notation, determine the domain of

$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{x-3}$$

Ex 4: Using interval notation, determine the domain of

$$y = \frac{x+3}{\sqrt{x+2}}$$

Think Tank 1.1

Hint Zone

Volume of a right circular cylinder:

$$\frac{h}{r} = 4$$



$$a. V(r) = \pi r^2 h$$

$$= \pi r^2 (4r)$$

$$= 4\pi r^3$$

Write V as a function of r .

$$b. V(h) = \pi \left(\frac{h}{4}\right)^2 h$$

$$= \frac{\pi h^3}{16}$$

Write V as a function of h .

1.1 Exit Ticket



HW p. 102 #1-16

16. A number q has a remainder of 5 when divided by 6. What is the remainder when $3q$ is divided by 6?
- F. 0
 - G. 1
 - H. 3
 - J. 4
 - K. 15

Here's How to Crack It

In this case, the unknown is very explicitly stated, so we can go ahead and think of a number that fits the bill. First and foremost, we must choose a number that satisfies the restrictions imposed by the question. When we divide q by 6, we must have 5 left over. Could we make $q = 12$? Definitely not, because it would divide evenly and leave 0 as the remainder. We could, however, make q equal to 17; if we divided $\frac{17}{6}$, we would be able to divide evenly only twice (giving us 12). What's the remainder? $17 - 12$ would leave us with 5, so we know our numbers work.

Let's move to the second step in the problem: What would the remainder be if $3q$ were divided by 6? In our scenario, $3q$ would equal 51. How many times can we divide 6 into 51? Only 8 times, because $6 \times 8 = 48$. How much is left over before we get to 51? Only 3. Thus, our answer is (H).

