

## Warm-up:

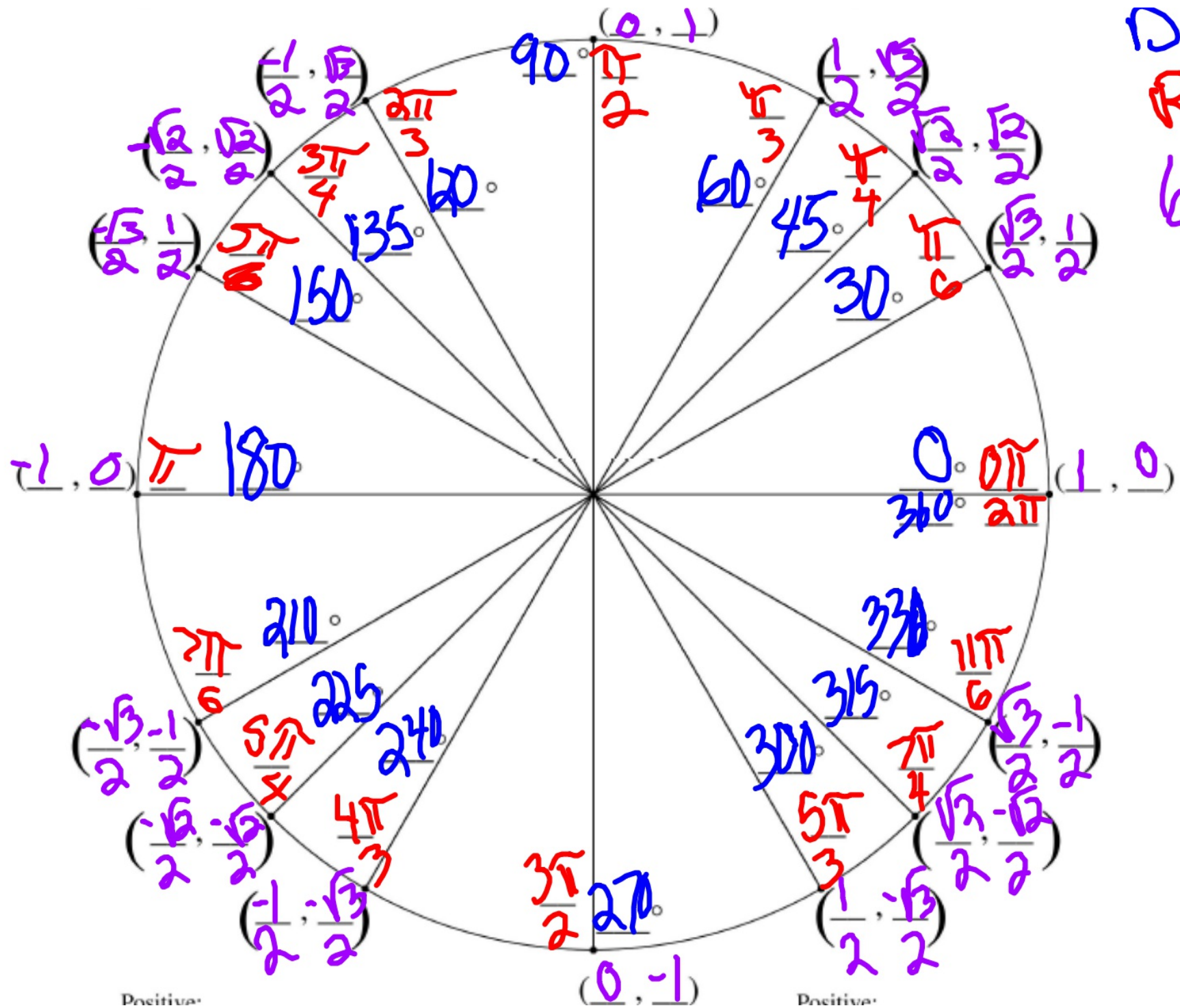
$$1) \sin \pi/6 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$2) \cos 180^\circ = -1$$

$$3) \sin 7\pi/6 = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$4) \cos 5\pi/3 = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$5) \sin 30^\circ = \frac{1}{2}$$



Degr  
Rad  
cos,  
sin

Quadrant I

Quadrant II

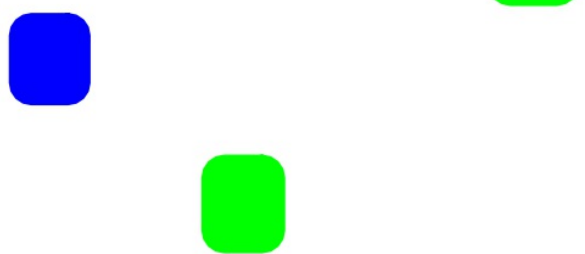
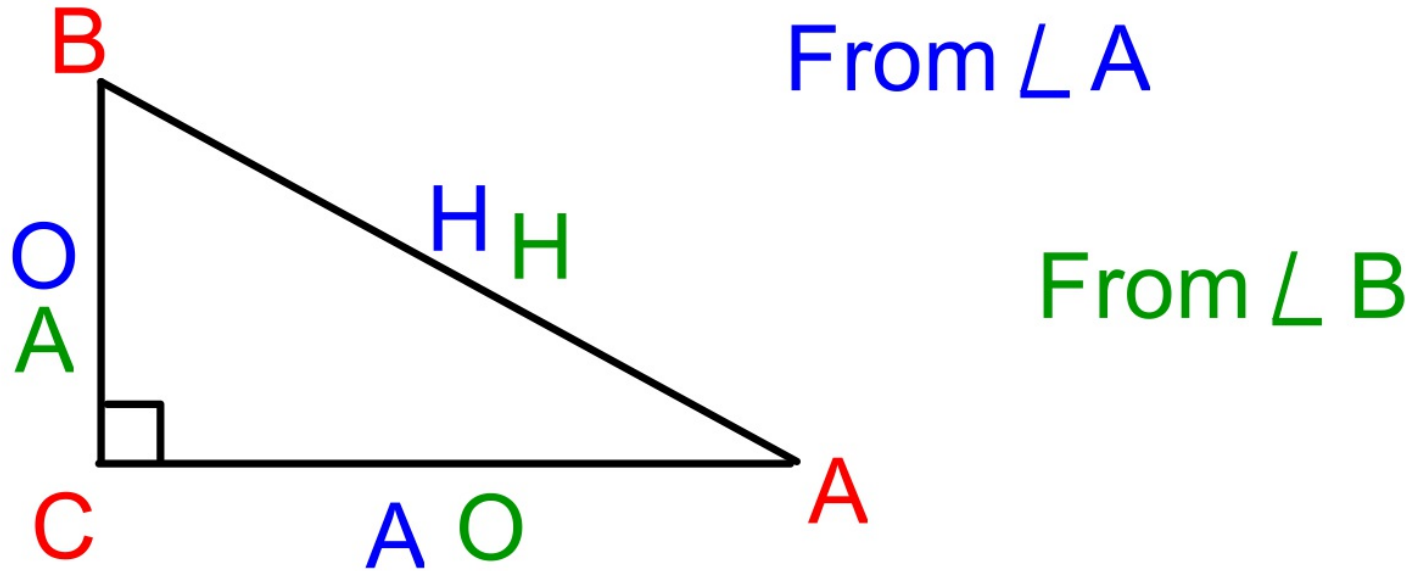
Quadrant III

Quadrant IV

3.4

Right Angle Trigonometry

SOH CAH TOA



Trig Rules:  
SOHCAHTOA

sin = O/H

csc = H/O

cos = A/H

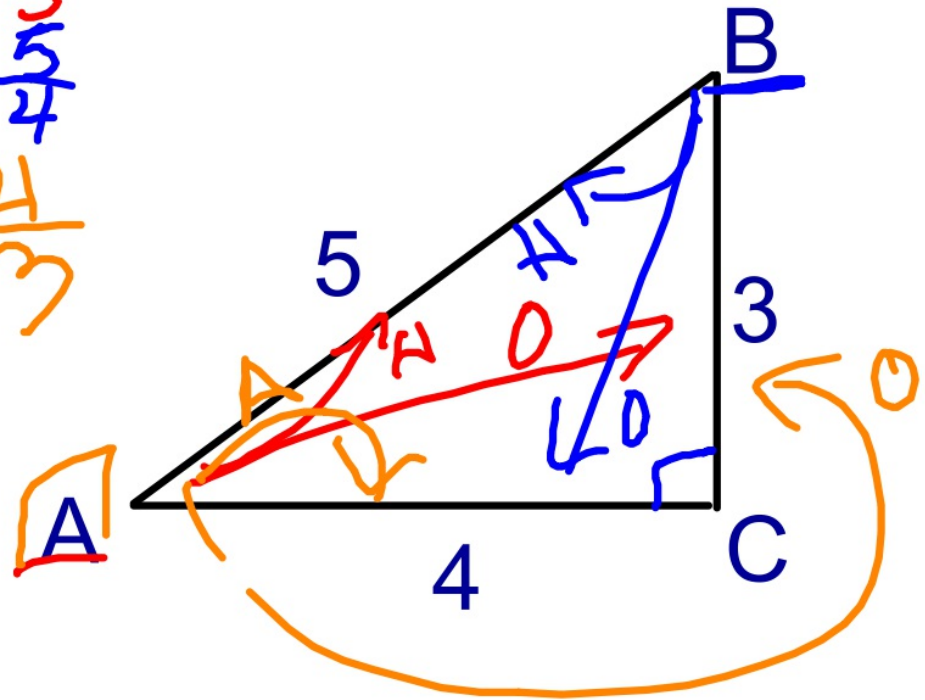
sec = H/A

tan = O/A

cot = A/O

Find the following:

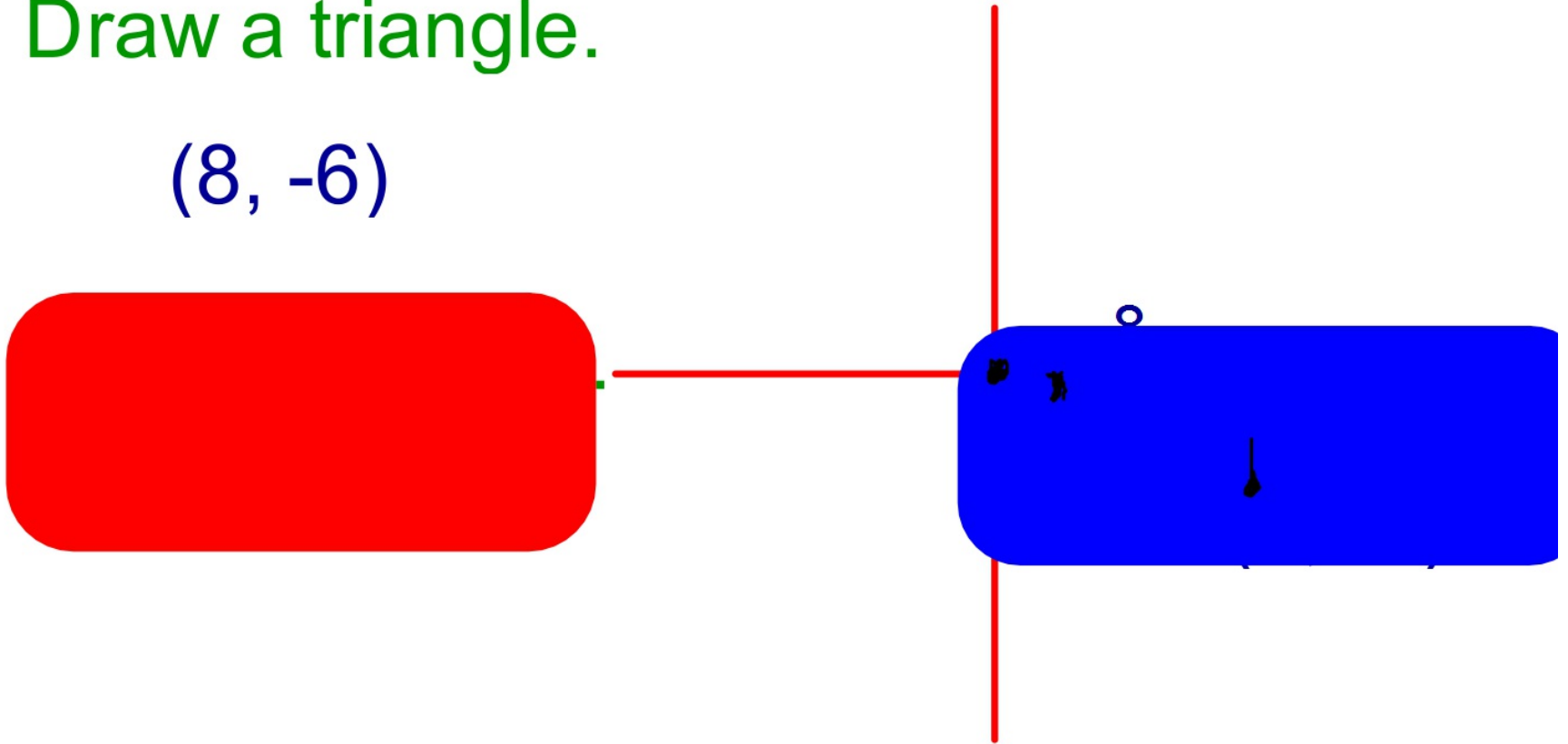
1)  $\sin A = \frac{O}{H} = \frac{3}{5}$   
2)  $\csc B = \frac{H}{O} = \frac{5}{3}$   
3)  $\cot A = \frac{A}{O} = \frac{4}{3}$



Given a point, how do you determine the trig values?

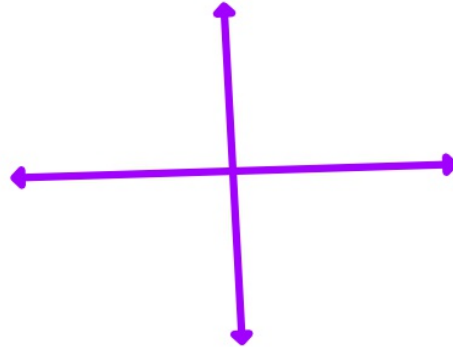
Draw a triangle.

$(8, -6)$

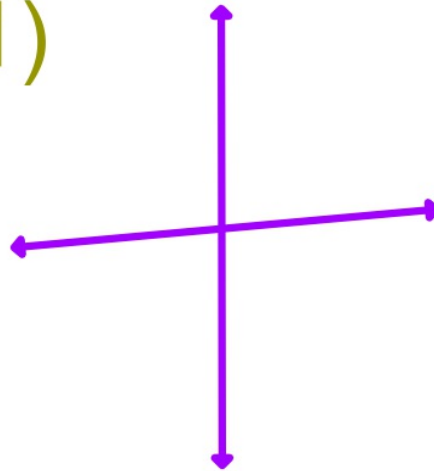


Given the following points, determine the six trig values.

1)  $(4, 3)$



2)  $(-2, -1)$



Find the exact value of each trigonometric function, if defined. If not defined, write *undefined*. (Example 2)

9.  $\sin \frac{\pi}{2}$

10.  $\tan 2\pi$

11.  $\cot (-180^\circ)$

12.  $\csc 270^\circ$

13.  $\cos (-270^\circ)$

15.  $\tan \pi$

Find the exact value of each expression. (E

25.  $\cos \frac{4\pi}{3}$

26.  $\tan \frac{7\pi}{6}$

27.  $\sin \frac{3\pi}{4}$

28.  $\cot (-4$

29.  $\csc 390^\circ$

30.  $\sec (-1$

31.  $\tan \frac{11\pi}{6}$

32.  $\sin 300$



# Periodic Function

Periodic function is a function that repeats a pattern over and over at a certain interval.

Radian repeats every  $2\pi$  for sin and cos and  $\pi$  for tan.

Degree repeats every  $360^\circ$  for sin and cos and  $180^\circ$  for tan.

Find the value of each expression.

1)  $\cos 11\pi/4$



Determine the following values.

1)  $\sin 13\pi/4$

2)  $\tan 19\pi/6$

# Practice

p.251 #2-8, 44-58 even

Warm-up  
Take this survey

[p://www.advanc-ed.org/survey/public/9976759](http://www.advanc-ed.org/survey/public/9976759)

